

Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements (Prepared by the Management)

November 30, 2014

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NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3(3) (a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the interim financial statements they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor. The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these financial statements in accordance with standards established by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants for a review of interim financial statements by the Company's auditor.

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim financial statements of the Company have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company's management.

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statement of Financial Position (Unaudited)

As at November 30, 2014

Assets	İ	November 30, 2014	February 28, 2014
Current Assets			
Cash	\$	851,899	\$ 352,275
Amounts receivable		2,441,514	169,683
Prepaid expenses (Note 6)		453,983	243,748
Inventory (Note 7)		308,231	1,725,760
Total current assets		4,055,627	2,491,466
Reclamation deposits (Note 8)		3,395,800	2,730,800
Available for sale investments		3,450	3,450
Exploration and evaluation assets (Note 11)		17,793,925	17,780,224
Mineral properties and deferred development costs (Note 10)		10,075,842	10,097,056
Property, plant and equipment (Notes 8 and 9)		11,014,776	11,619,218
Total assets	\$	46,339,420	\$ 44,722,214
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables (Note 13)	\$	11,236,014	\$ 9,954,356
Due to related parties (Note 17)		1,396,284	20,321
Loan from related parties (Note 17)		-	627,933
Provision for site reclamation and closure (Note 14)		3,728,801	3,754,808
Gold loan facility (Note 15)		12,064,245	6,107,403
Total current liabilities		28,425,344	20,464,821
Provision for site reclamation and closure (Note 14)		2,029,105	1,956,923
Gold loan facility (Note 15)		4,045,815	6,845,346
Deferred tax liability		1,159,000	1,159,000
Total liabilities		35,659,264	30,426,090
Shareholders' equity			
Share capital (Note 16)		126,783,790	118,659,790
Share-based payments reserve		24,814,417	24,814,417
Accumulated other comprehensive income		(15,870)	(15,870)
Accumulated deficit	_	(140,902,181)	 (129,162,213)
Total shareholders' equity		10,680,156	14,296,124
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$	46,339,420	\$ 44,722,214

 $The \ accompanying \ notes \ form \ an \ integral \ part \ of \ these \ condensed \ consolidated \ interim \ financial \ statements.$

Approved on behalf of the board:

"Thomas J. Obradovich"

<u>"Ian Gordon"</u>

Thomas J. Obradovich, Chief Executive Officer

Ian Gordon, Director

Barkerville Gold Mines Ltd. Condensed Consolidated Interim Statement of Loss and Comprehensive Loss (Unaudited) For the period ended November 30, 2014

		Three mont	hs ended	Nine mo	nths ended
	Nove	ember 30, 2014	November 30, 2013	November 30, 2014	November 30, 2013
Revenue	\$	11,494,915	\$ -	\$ 20,842,347	\$ 36,788
Cost of sales and direct costs (Note 7)		(11,950,793)	-	(20,328,759)	(19,084)
Gross Profit		(455,878)	-	513,588	17,704
Mine operating expense (Note 19)		(847,153)	(2,638,899)	(3,733,284)	(5,040,567)
Mine operating income (loss)		(1,303,031)	(2,638,899)	(3,219,696)	(5,022,863)
Expenses:					
Exploration (Note 20)		687,528	339,840	2,839,785	1,877,332
Corporate administration (Note 21)		581,449	2,305,952	2,351,885	3,625,181
		1,268,977	2,645,792	5,191,670	5,502,513
Loss from operations		(2,572,007)	(5,284,691)	(8,411,366)	(10,525,376)
Other income (expense):					
Finance expense (Note 22)		(1,575,212)	(6,661,460)	(4,200,007)	(6,354,115)
Change in fair value of derivative (Note 15)		(129,080)	-	868,115	98,900
Gain on disposal of vehicle		3,290	-	3,290	-
		(1,701,002)	(6,661,460)	(3,328,602)	(6,255,215)
Net loss and total comprehensive loss for the period		(4,273,009)	(11,946,151)	(11,739,968)	(16,780,591)
Loss per common share, basic and diluted (Note 25)	\$	(0.03)	\$ (0.11)	\$ (0.09)	\$ (0.15)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding (Note 25)		126,634,706	109,763,728	124,882,047	109,555,170

 $The \ accompanying \ notes \ form \ an \ integral \ part \ of \ these \ condensed \ consolidated \ interim \ financial \ statements.$

Barkerville Gold Mines Ltd.

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statement of Changes in Equity (Unaudited) As at November 30, 2014

	Shares Outstanding	9	Share Capital	Share-based payments reserve		Share ubscriptions received in advance	occumulated other omprehensive loss	Retained Earnings	Total Shareholders' Equity
Balance at March 1, 2013	109,401,649	\$	118,239,970	\$ 19,477,562	\$	41,650	\$ (12,420)	\$ (116,458,256)	21,288,506
Loss for the period	-		-	-		-	-	(16,780,591)	(16,780,591)
Stock options issued	-		-	1,351,300		-	-	-	1,351,300
Issue of shares on exercise of warrants	49,000		49,833	(8,183)	-	41,650	-	-	-
Share purchase warrants issued	-		-	4,175,700		-	-	-	4,175,700
Issue of share on exercise of options	401,057		369,987	(181,962)		-	-	-	188,025
Balance at November 30, 2013	109,851,706	\$	118,659,790	\$ 24,814,417	\$	-	\$ (12,420)	\$ (133,238,847)	10,222,940
Balance at March 1, 2014	109,851,706	\$	118,659,790	\$ 24,814,417	\$	-	\$ (15,870)	\$ (129,162,213)	14,296,124
Loss for the period	-		-	-		-	-	(11,739,968)	(11,739,968)
Issue for shares pursuant to private placement	13,783,000		6,891,500	-		-	-	-	6,891,500
Share issuance costs	-		(267,500)	-		-	-	-	(267,500)
Issue of shares for debt settlement	3,000,000		1,500,000	-		-	-	-	1,500,000
Balance at November 30, 2014	126,634,706	\$	126,783,790	\$ 24,814,417	\$	-	\$ (15,870)	\$ (140,902,181)	10,680,156

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statement of Cash Flows (Unaudited) As at November 30, 2014 $\,$

		Nine months ended		
		November 30, 2014		November 30, 2013
Cash flows from operating activities				
Loss for the period	\$	(11,739,968)	\$	(16,780,591)
Adjustments to reconcile loss to net cash used in operating activities	*	(11,757,755)	*	(10,700,071)
Accounting gain		(3,290)		-
Finance expense		-		494,900
Depreciation		911,482		1,023,618
Depletion		2,414,974		-
Change in fair value of derivative component of gold loan facility		(868,115)		1,344,500
Accretion expense - provision for site reclamation and closure		99,505		54,434
Gain on de-recognition of liabilities		-		(98,900)
Share purchase warrants issued		-		4,175,700
Stock-based compensation		_		1,351,300
Changes in non-cash working capital balances:				1,331,300
Accounts receivable		(2,267,831)		230,430
Prepaid expenses		(210,235)		(164,029)
Trade and other payables		862,409		1,765,947
Inventory		1,417,529		(1,661,291)
Total cash outflows from operating activities		(9,383,540)		(8,263,982)
Cash flows from investing activities				
Reclamation deposits		(665,000)		-
Aciquisition of property, plant and equipment		(307,751)		(83,701)
Acquisition of mineral properties and deferred development costs		(474,510)		(3,861,669)
Acquisition of exploration and evaluation assets		(13,701)		(1,627)
Total cash inflows (ouflows) from investing acitivites	\$	(1,460,962)	\$	(3,946,997)
Cash flows from financing activities				
Amounts advanced by (paid to) related parties		1,375,963		(1,382,684)
Amounts used for site reclamation and closure		(53,330)		-
Loan advances (repayments) from related parties		(627,933)		(384,489)
Issuance of share capital		6,624,000		188,025
Proceeds from issuance of note		=		15,000,000
Total cash inflows (outflows) from financing activities	\$	7,318,700	\$	13,420,852
Total increase (decrease) in cash during the period		(3,525,802)		1,209,873
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		352,275		129,126
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	\$	(3,173,527)	\$	1,338,999

See Note 26 for a description of non-cash amounts not included in the condensed consolidated interim statements of cash flows.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

For the nine months ended November 30, 2014

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

The Company was incorporated on February 12, 1970 under the laws of the Province of British Columbia and is engaged in the production and sale of gold, and the exploration, development, and acquisition of mineral properties in British Columbia. The Company is listed on the TSX Venture Exchange, under the symbol BGM-V.

The address of the Company's corporate office and principal place of business is 610-1100 Melville Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada.

The Company completed the purchase of the QR Mine & Mill and its associated assets on February 1, 2010 and has refurbished the mill at the QR Mine. On November 16, 2010 the Company acquired Bethlehem Resources (1996) Corporation with the intention of refurbishing and moving its Goldstream mill to Wells, B.C. subject to obtaining necessary permits and approvals.

The Company commenced commercial production of gold at its 100% owned QR Mine and Mill on October 1, 2010.

The Company ceased commercial production in December 2011 pending further exploration, permitting and negotiation of its mining contract. In October 2012, the Company further refined existing reserves at the QR Mine. The Company obtained the required permits to mine Bonanza Ledge in December 2011. In July 2012, the Company obtained the required permits to mill Bonanza Ledge ore at the QR Mill and intends to obtain the required financing to complete the development of its Bonanza Ledge property.

2. Basis of Preparation

a) Going Concern of Operations

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles applicable to a going concern, which assumes that the Company will realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the ordinary course of business. On August 14, 2012 the Company was subject to a cease trade order ("CTO") that prevented management from raising additional debt and equity financing to meet its operational cash requirements until it was lifted by the British Columbia Securities Commission ("BCSC") on July 15, 2013. At November 30, 2014, the Company had accumulated losses of \$140,902,181 (February 28, 2014: \$129,162,213). The Company incurred losses of \$11,739,968 during the period ending November 30, 2014 (period ending November 30, 2013: \$4,834,440) and had a working capital deficiency of \$24,018,385 at November 30, 2014 (February 28, 2014 deficiency of \$17,973,355). These conditions raise material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt as to the ability of the Company to continue operating as a going concern.

The Company's continuing operations and ability to discharge its liabilities and fulfill its commitments as they come due, is dependent upon the Company having continued support from Related Parties, to obtain debt or equity financing and, ultimately, on locating economically recoverable ore reserves in its mineral properties, and attaining and maintaining profitable operations at its QR Mill and Bonanza Ledge properties.

Management believes the Company will continue to improve the profitability of its Bonanza Ledge operation and will be successful at securing additional funding for its exploration program. Management plans to improve the profitability of its Bonanza Ledge operation and to complete the exploration of its mineral properties to ensure the Company can generate sustainable, long-term profitability, and obtain additional financing. There can, however, be no assurance that such plans will be successful.

If the Company does not receive the continued support of related party lenders, or is unable to obtain adequate additional financing, the Company will be required to curtail operations and exploration activities. Furthermore, failure to continue as a going concern would require restatement of assets and liabilities on a liquidation basis, which would differ significantly from the going concern basis.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

For the nine months ended November 30, 2014

2. Basis of Preparation (Continued)

b) Statement of Compliance

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34, Interim financial Reporting ("IAS 34"), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"), and its interpretations. Accordingly, these condensed interim financial statements do not include all of the information and footnotes required by International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") for complete financial statements for year-end reporting purposes.

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements were authorized by the Board of Directors on January 29, 2015.

c) Basis of Measurement

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for available for sale investments and derivative liabilities carried at fair value.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars ("CDN"), which is also the Company's functional currency.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

New accounting policy

Production Stripping Costs

The IFRS Interpretations Committee issued IFRIC 20, Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine (IFRIC 20), effective January 1, 2013.

IFRIC 20 requires the Company to identify specific components of the ore body to which stripping costs will relate. A component is defined as a specific volume of the ore body that is made more accessible by the stripping activity. It is considered that a mine may have several components, which are identified based on the mine plan. Stripping costs are then capitalized when stripping activities occur in excess of the average expected for the component. Stripping costs are capitalized within Deferred Development Costs and depreciated over the life of the respective component based on units of production.

Under IFRIC 20, the Company recognizes stripping assets when the following three criteria are met:

- It is probable that the future economic benefit (improved access to the ore body) associated with the stripping activity will flow to the entity;
- The entity can identify the component of the ore body for which access has been improved; and
- The costs relating to the stripping activity associated with that component can be measured reliably.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

For the nine months ended November 30, 2014

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Recent accounting pronouncements

The adoption of the following new standards, interpretations and amendments where included in the financial statements for the year beginning March 1, 2013:

(i) IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements

IFRS 10 builds on existing principles by identifying the concept of control as the determining factor in whether an entity should be included within the consolidated financial statements of the parent company. The standard provides additional guidance to assist in the determination of control where this is difficult to assess. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

(ii) IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement

IFRS 13 aims to improve consistency and reduce complexity by providing a precise definition of fair value and a single source of fair value measurement and disclosure requirements for use across IFRSs. The requirements do not extend the use of fair value accounting but provide guidance on how it should be applied where its use is already required or permitted by other standards within IFRSs. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

(iii) IFRIC 20 Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine

In IFRIC 20, the IFRS Interpretations Committee sets out principles for the recognition of production stripping costs in the balance sheet. The interpretation recognizes that some production stripping in surface mining activity will benefit production in future periods and sets out criteria for capitalizing such costs. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

(iv) <u>IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements</u>

IAS 1 was amended to change the grouping of items presented in other comprehensive income (OCI). Items that would be reclassified to profit or loss at a future point in time will be presented separately from items that will never be reclassified. The amendments do not change the nature of the items that are currently recognized in OCI, nor do they impact the determination of whether items in OCI are reclassified through profit or loss in future periods. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

The following new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations have been issued but are not effective during the period ended November 30, 2014.

(i) IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments is part of the IASB's wider project to replace IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. IFRS 9 retains but simplifies the mixed measurement model and establishes two primary measurement categories for financial assets: amortized cost and fair value. The basis of classification depends on the entity's business model and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset. The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2017. The Company is in the process of evaluating the impact of the new standard on the accounting for the available-for-sale investment.

There are no additional standards not yet effective that would have an impact on the consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

For the nine months ended November 30, 2014

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

The Company makes estimates about the future that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities. Estimates are continually evaluated based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. In the future, actual experience may differ from these estimates.

The effect of a change in an accounting estimate is recognized prospectively by including it in profit or loss in the period of the change, if the change affects that period only, or in the period of the change and future periods, if the change affects both.

Information about critical accounting estimates in applying accounting policies that have the most significant risk of causing material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities recognized in the consolidated financial statements within the next financial year are discussed below:

a) Provision for Site Reclamation and Closure

Provisions for Site Reclamation and Closure have been created based on management estimates. Assumptions, based on the current economic environment, have been made which management believes are a reasonable basis upon which to estimate the future liability as shown in note 14. These estimates take into account any material changes to the assumptions that occur when reviewed regularly by management. Estimates are reviewed annually and are based on current regulatory requirements. Significant changes in estimates of discount rate, contamination, restoration standards and techniques will result in changes to provisions from period to period. Actual reclamation and closure costs will ultimately depend on future market prices for the costs which will reflect the market condition at the time the costs are actually incurred. The final cost of the currently recognized rehabilitation provisions may be higher or lower than currently provided for.

b) Mineral Reserves and Mineral Resource Estimates

Mineral reserves are estimates of the amount of ore that can be economically and legally extracted from the Company's mining properties. The Company estimates its mineral reserve and mineral resources based on information compiled by Qualified Persons as defined by Canadian Securities Administrators National Instrument 43-101 Standards for Disclosure of Mineral Projects. Such information includes geological data on the size, depth and shape of the mineral deposit, and requires complex geological judgments to interpret the data. The estimation of recoverable reserves is based upon factors such as estimates of commodity prices, future capital requirements, and production costs along with geological assumptions and judgments made in estimating the size and grade that comprise the mineral reserves. Changes in the mineral reserve or mineral resource estimates may impact the carrying value of mineral properties and deferred development costs, property, plant and equipment, provision for site reclamation and closure, recognition of deferred income tax assets and depreciation and amortization charges.

c) Units of Production Depletion

Estimated recoverable reserves are used in determining the depreciation of mine specific assets. This results in depreciation charges proportional to the depletion of the anticipated remaining life of mine production. Each item's life, which is assessed annually, has regard to both its physical life limitations and to present assessments of economically recoverable reserves of the mine property at which the asset is located. These calculations require the use of estimates and assumptions, including the amount of recoverable reserves and estimate of future capital expenditure. Changes are accounted for prospectively.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

For the nine months ended November 30, 2014

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

d) Income Taxes

Significant judgment is required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations undertaken during the ordinary course of business for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. The Company recognizes liabilities and contingencies for anticipated tax audit issues based on the Company's current understanding of the tax law. For matters where it is probable that an adjustment will be made, the Company records its best estimate of the tax liability including the related interest and penalties in the current tax provision. Management believes they have adequately provided for the probable outcome of these matters; however, the final outcome may result in a materially different outcome than the amount included in the tax liabilities.

In addition, the Company recognizes deferred tax assets relating to tax losses carried forward only to the extent there are sufficient taxable temporary differences (deferred tax liabilities) relating to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity against which the unused tax losses can be utilized. However, utilization of the tax losses also depends on the ability of the taxable entity to satisfy certain tests at the time the losses are recouped.

e) Share-based Payment Transactions

The Company measures the cost of equity-settled transactions with employees by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. Estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions requires determining the most appropriate valuation model, which is dependent on the terms and conditions of the grant. This estimate also requires determining the most appropriate inputs to the valuation model including the expected life of the share option, volatility and dividend yield and making assumptions about them. The assumptions and models used for estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions are disclosed in Note 16.

f) Fair Value Measurement

The Company measures financial instruments, such as derivatives, at fair value at each balance sheet date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value of an asset or liability is measured using the assumption that market participants act in their best economic interest.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient date are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs. Changes in estimates and assumptions about these inputs could affect the reported fair value.

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements.

Information about critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant risk of causing material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities recognized in the consolidated financial statements within the next financial year are discussed below:

a) Title to Mineral Property Interests

Although the Company has taken steps to verify title to mineral properties in which it has an interest, these procedures do not guarantee the Company's title. Such properties may be subject to prior agreements or transfers and title may be affected by undetected defects.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

For the nine months ended November 30, 2014

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS (CONTINUED)

b) Commencement of Production

The Company assesses the stage of each mine under construction to determine when a mine moves into the production stage, being when the mine is substantially complete and ready for its intended use. The criteria used to assess the start date are determined based on the unique nature of each mine construction project, such as the complexity of a plant and its location. The Company considers various relevant criteria to assess when the production phases are considered to commence and all related amounts are reclassified from 'Mines under construction' to 'Producing mines' and 'Property, plant and equipment'. The principal criteria used includes, but is not limited to, the following:

- · Level of capital expenditure incurred compared to the original construction cost estimate
- Completion of a reasonable period of testing of the mine plant and equipment
- Ability to produce metal in saleable form (within specification)
- Ability to sustain ongoing production of metal
- Ability to sustain ongoing profitable production

When a mine development / construction project moves into the production stage, the capitalization of certain mine development costs ceases. Costs are either regarded as forming part of the cost of inventory or expensed. However, any costs relating to mining asset additions or improvements, underground mine development or mineable reserve development are assessed to determine whether capitalization is appropriate. It is also at this point that depreciation / amortization commences.

c) Exploration and Evaluation Expenditure

The application of the Company's accounting policy for exploration and evaluation expenditure requires judgment to determine whether future economic benefits are likely, from either future exploitation or sale, or whether activities have not reached a stage that permits a reasonable assessment of the existence of reserves.

d) Impairment of Property, Plant and Equipment, Mining Properties and Deferred Development Costs and Exploration and Evaluation Properties

Management considers both external and internal sources of information in determining if there are any indications that the Company's property, plant and equipment assets, mining properties and deferred development costs and exploration and evaluation assets are impaired. External sources of information management consider include the market, economic, and legal environment in which the Company operates. Internal sources of information management considers include the manner in which the property, plant and equipment, mining properties and deferred development costs are being used or are expected to be used, and indication of economic performance of the assets. Management has used its judgment to determine the appropriate allocation of assets to a specific cash generating unit (CGU), for which it was determined that there are two CGUs (individual mining locations). These locations are the lowest level for which cash inflows are largely independent of those from other assets/CGUs. Exploration and Evaluation properties have not been included with other CGUs for assessment for impairment indicators. Further information on assumptions and estimates used in the Company's impairment assessment are given in Note 12.

If, after exploration and evaluation expenditure is capitalized, information becomes available suggesting that the carrying amount of an exploration and evaluation asset may exceed its recoverable amount the Company carries out an impairment test at the cash generating unit or group of cash generating units level in the year the new information becomes available. The Company has determined that there are currently no indicators of impairment on its exploration and evaluation properties at November 30, 2014.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

For the nine months ended November 30, 2014

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS (CONTINUED)

e) Embedded Derivatives and Hybrid Financial Instruments

Judgment is required in determining whether financial instruments are classified as debt or equity and whether instruments contain one or more embedded derivatives. The Company makes significant judgments in assessing whether instruments meet the definition of an equity instrument or financial liability and in determining whether a contract gives rise to one or more derivatives with economic characteristics distinct from the host contract. See Note 15.

6. PREPAIDS

The prepaid expenses for the Company are comprised of the following:

	November 3	0, 2014	Februar	y 28, 2014
Insurance	\$	109,102	\$	101,083
Rent (Note 17 (e))		103,076		-
Other prepaid amounts		241,805		142,665
Total prepaid expenses	\$	453,983	\$	243,748

7. INVENTORY, COST OF SALES AND DIRECT COST

The inventory for the Company is comprised of the following:

	November 30, 2014	February 28, 2014
Consumables	\$ 38,470	\$64,157
Stockpiled ore	-	1,661,603
Work in progress	269,761	-
Total inventory	\$308,231	\$1,725,760

There have been no write-downs of the carrying value of inventory during the period.

The cost of sales and direct costs included in profit and loss is comprised of the following:

	November 30, 2014	November 30, 2013
Mining and processing costs	\$15,859,790	1,678,011
Depletion	2,414,974	<u>-</u>
Depreciation	636,765	-
Change in inventory	1,417,529	(1,658,927)
Cost of Sales and Direct Costs	\$20,328,759	\$19,084

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

For the nine months ended November 30, 2014

8. RECLAMATION DEPOSITS

The Company is required to make reclamation deposits in respect of its expected site reclamation and closure obligations. The reclamation deposits represent collateral for possible reclamation activities necessary on mineral properties in connection with the permits required for exploration activities by the Company.

In December 2011, the Company received a M-238 Permit from the British Columbia Provincial Government to develop an open pit gold mine at the Bonanza Ledge section of the Cariboo Gold Project. As at November 30, 2014, the Company had total deposits of \$1,000,000 (February 2014: \$335,000) for this property. Under the original terms of the permit the Company is further required to deposit additional reclamation bonds of \$11,465,000 to total \$11,800,000 to the government as follows:

- (i) Deposit \$665,000 within 30 days of start of construction -paid April 9, 2014;
- (ii) Deposit \$4,400,000 on or before December 30, 2014 (currently being renegotiated);
- (iii) Deposit \$1,500,000 on or before September 30, 2015 (currently being renegotiated);
- (iv) Deposit \$1,500,000 on or before September 30, 2016 (currently being renegotiated);
- (v) Deposit \$1,400,000 on or before September 30, 2017(currently being renegotiated);

If the underground bulkhead is not fully constructed by September 30, 2015, the Company shall post an additional \$2,000,000.

During the period ended November 30, 2014, the Company commenced construction and mining operations as pursuant to the December 2011 permit.

In July 2012, the Company received an amendment to the M-198 Permit from the British Columbia Provincial Government to mill Bonanza Ledge and Dome Mountain ores at the Quesnel River Mine and Mill facility. As at November 30, 2014, the Company had a total deposit of \$2,052,300 plus pledged equipment of \$807,700 (February 28, 2014: deposit of \$2,052,300 plus pledged equipment of \$807,700) for this permit. Subject to certain conditions, the Company is required to deposit additional reclamation bonds of \$7,390,000 for a total \$10,250,000 as follows:

- (i) \$1,750,000 within 30 days of the start of milling (currently being renegotiated);
- (ii) \$1,500,000 on or before September 30, 2012 (not paid);
- (iii) \$4,140,000 on or before December 15, 2012 (not paid).

The \$1,500,000 can be waived once the tailings dam elevation has reached 1029.3 meters and an independent report there on is obtained meeting the satisfaction of the Government of British Columbia. During the year ended February 28, 2014, the Company raised the tailings dam to the required elevation however it has not yet completed the report or received the waiver.

The \$4,140,000 can be waived If the Company has commenced work on the tailings dam seepage, the work is ongoing and an independent report there on is obtained meeting the satisfaction of the Government of British Columbia. As at November 30, 2014 the Company has not yet completed the report or received the waiver. No provision is included as at November 30, 2014 and February 28, 2014 as the Company is currently negotiating the amounts and terms and expects to obtain the waivers.

Other bonds of \$343,500 have been paid in respect of properties included in exploration and evaluation asset at November 30, 2014 (February 28, 2014: \$343,500).

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the nine months ended November 30, 2014

9. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Mine	Plant & Equipment	Office Furniture & Equipment	Total
Cost:				
Balance at March 1, 2013	\$	17,649,484	\$ 673,352	\$ 18,322,836
Additions		126,158	51,586	177,744
Balance at February 28, 2014		17,775,642	724,938	18,500,580
Additions		180,062	127,689	307,751
Disposal		(3,402)	-	(3,402)
Balance at November 30, 2014	\$	17,952,302	\$ 852,627	\$ 18,804,929
Depreciation and impairment losses				
Balance at March 1, 2013	\$	5,142,035	\$ 395,401	\$ 5,537,436
Depreciation		1,283,549	60,377	1,343,926
Balance at February 28, 2014		6,425,584	455,778	6,881,362
Depreciation		855,172	56,311	911,483
Disposal		(2,692)	-	(2,692)
Balance at November 30, 2014		7,278,064	512,089	7,790,153
Net Book Value				
At March 1, 2013	\$	12,507,449	\$ 277,951	\$ 12,785,400
At February 28, 2014	\$	11,350,058	\$ 269,160	\$ 11,619,218
At November 30, 2014	\$	10,674,238	\$ 340,538	\$ 11,014,776

As at November 30, 2014, \$807,700 (February 28, 2013: \$807,700) worth of property, plant and equipment is pledged as collateral for the reclamation deposits (see Note 8). In addition, all property, plant and equipment are pledged as security for the gold loan facility (Note 15).

During the period ended November 30, 2014 the Company recognized \$636,765 (year ended February 28, 2014: \$nil) of amortization on its property, plant and equipment associated with the QR Mill in cost of sales and direct costs (Note 7). \$160,857 in depreciation was recorded in mine operating expense, \$62,830 in exploration and \$51,031 in corporate administration.

The Goldstream Mill is a custom mineral processing plant fully permitted in its current location and is presently on care and maintenance. The facility has a name-plated milling capacity of 1,360 tonnes per day and residue from such operations can be accommodated in the adjacent tailings pond and surrounding properties. No amortization has been charged during the period ended November 30, 2014 (February 28, 2014: \$Nil). As at November 30, 2014, the carrying value of the Goldstream Mill is \$3,110,000 (February 28, 2014: \$3,110,000).

For the nine months ended November 30, 2014

10. MINERAL PROPERTIES AND DEFERRED DEVELOPMENT COSTS

	Mineral properties	Deferred evelopment costs	Total
Cost			
Balance at March 1, 2013	\$5,275,301	\$4,387,531	\$9,662,832
Additions for the year	-	7,753,558	7,753,558
Balance at February 28, 2014	5,275,301	12,141,089	17,416,390
Additions for the period	-	2,393,761	2,393,761
Balance at November 30, 2014	\$5,275,301	\$14,534,850	\$19,810,151
Depletion and impairment losses			
Balance at March 1, 2013	\$3,416,754	\$3,902,580	\$7,319,334
Depletion for the year	-	-	-
Balance at February 28, 2014	3,416,754	3,902,580	7,319,334
Depletion for the period	359,331	2,055,643	2,414,974
Balance at November 30, 2014	\$3,776,085	\$5,958,223	\$9,734,308
Carrying amounts			
At March 1, 2013	\$1,858,547	\$484,951	\$2,343,498
At February 28, 2014	\$1,858,547	\$8,238,509	\$10,097,056
At November 30, 2014	\$1,499,216	\$8,576,627	\$10,075,842

All mineral properties and deferred development costs are pledged as security on the Gold Loan Facility (Note 15). Quesnel River Mine:

The Quesnel River Mine ("QR") is an underground mine located near Quesnel River in British Columbia. During the period ended November 30, 2014, the Company incurred \$Nil (year ended February 28, 2014: \$Nil) of deferred development costs. Deferred mine development costs are amortized over the Company's initial estimate of the life of mine (LOM), and transferred to income using the unit of production method.

The QR Mine site is subject to a 5% net operating profits royalty, a 1% net smelter return royalty (NSR), and a 2% net profit royalty. Should a deposit of one million proven recoverable ounces of gold be discovered on the property, the property is subject to a 50% back-in interest in return for reimbursing the Company for double the amount of expenditures incurred and by completing a bankable feasibility study.

As at November 30, 2014, the carrying value of the mineral property and deferred development costs for the Quesnel River Mine is \$nil (February 28, 2014: \$nil).

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

For the nine months ended November 30, 2014

10. MINERAL PROPERTIES AND DEFERRED DEVELOPMENT COSTS (CONTINUED)

Bonanza Ledge:

The Bonanza Ledge gold deposit is located on the southwest flank of Barkerville Mountain, within the Cariboo Gold Project, about 2 km northwest of the Barkerville Historic Town site. During fiscal 2010 the company obtained a NI 43-101 compliant Technical report and Pre-Feasibility Study of the Bonanza Ledge deposit and accordingly, all costs associated with the acquisition of the project were transferred from Exploration & Evaluation assets to Mineral Properties, on March 1, 2010.

In December 2011 the Company received a M-238 Permit from the British Columbia provincial government to develop an open pit gold mine at the Bonanza Ledge section of the Cariboo Gold Project. During the period ended November 30, 2014, the Company commenced mining operations.

During the period ended November 30, 2014 the Company capitalized stripping costs of \$2,142,674 (year ended February 28, 2014: \$nil). Capitalized stripping costs are included within Deferred Development costs.

Depletion of mineral resources and mine development costs of \$2,414,974 (February 28, 2014: \$nil) was included in cost of sales and direct costs.

As at November 30, 2014, the carrying value of Bonanza Ledge is \$10,075,842 (February 28, 2014: \$10,097,056).

11. EXPLORATION & EVALUATION ASSETS

	Wayside Property Car	iboo Gold Project	Bethlehem	Total	
Cost					
Balance at March 1, 2013	\$1	\$17,599,443	\$138,177	\$17,737,621	
Additions	-	42,603	-	42,603	
Balance at February 28, 2014	1	17,642,046	138,177	17,780,224	
Additions	-	13,701	-	13,701	
Balance at November 30, 2014	\$1	\$17,655,747	\$138,177	\$17,793,925	
Carrying amounts					
At March 1, 2013	\$1	\$17,599,443	\$138,177	\$17,737,621	
At February 28, 2014	\$1	\$17,642,046	\$138,177	\$17,780,224	
At November 30, 2014	\$1	\$17,655,747	\$138,177	\$17,793,925	

Wayside property:

As at November 30, 2014 the Company holds a 100% interest in the Wayside property, consisting of certain mineral claims and leases located in the Lillooet Mining Division, British Columbia. If the property commences commercial production, the Company will be required to issue shares equal in value to \$480,000 to the party from whom it was initially acquired.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

For the nine months ended November 30, 2014

11. EXPLORATION & EVALUATION ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Cariboo Gold Project:

The Company has an 100% interest in the mineral rights to 254 contiguous mineral tenures totaling 117,442 hectares in the Cariboo Mining District near Wells, British Columbia. The Company also pays taxes on 2,419 hectares of Crown Grant Mineral Claims which is contained within the 117,442 hectare Cariboo Gold Project claim group.

During the year ended February 29, 2012, the Company issued, pursuant to a sale and purchase agreement dated May 5, 2011, 412,500 common shares for \$660,000 and \$500,000 cash to acquire the Myrtle-Proserpine and the Promise properties within the Cariboo Gold Project. The Myrtle-Proserpine Property is subject to a 3% net smelter return royalty (NSR).

During the year ended February 29, 2012, the Company issued, pursuant to a sale and purchase agreement dated August 17, 2011, 100,000 common shares for \$153,000 to acquire the remaining 40% interest in the Craze Creek Property within the Cariboo Gold Project. This property is subject to a 3.5% net smelter return royalty (NSR).

During the year ended February 29, 2012, the Company issued, pursuant to a sale and purchase agreement dated August 18, 2011, 30,000 common shares for \$46,500 and \$10,000 cash to acquire the Antler Creek Property within the Cariboo Gold Project. This property is subject to a 1% net smelter return royalty (NSR).

During the year ended February 29, 2012, the Company issued, pursuant to a sale and purchase agreement dated August 26, 2011, 20,000 common shares for \$31,200 and \$26,000 cash to acquire the Roundtop Mountain Property within the Cariboo Gold Project. This property is subject to a 2% net smelter return royalty (NSR).

During the year ended February 28, 2014, the Company purchased a piece of land for \$40,000 in order to obtain the surface right for the mineral properties.

The Company's interest in the Cariboo Gold Project provides that if the Company can extract a bulk sample of not more than 40,000 tons from the Cariboo Gold Quartz property, a NSR royalty of 5% is payable. The 2003 agreement, as amended, also provides that the Company's interest in the Properties was subject to a further 3% NSR royalty and a collective 10% net profit interest. On January 20, 2011, the Company completed the acquisition of the collective 10% net profit interest royalty by issuing an aggregate of 250,000 shares at an issue price of \$1.34 per share. During the year ended February 29, 2012, the Company acquired the 3% NSR royalty and the remaining undivided 50% interest in the Cariboo Gold Quartz Property for consideration of \$5,000,000.

Bethlehem:

On November 16, 2010 the Company completed the acquisition of all the issued and outstanding shares of Bethlehem Resources (1996) Corporation, a private B.C. company, from International Bethlehem Mining Corporation (IBMC). The asset purchase includes the Goldstream mill facility, tailings pond, and related mineral leases and claims which are located in the Revelstoke mining division, British Columbia. Certain mineral claims are subject to either a 25% net profit royalty, or a 2.5% net smelter return royalty and a 12.5% net profit royalty, at the election of the holder of the royalty interest.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

For the nine months ended November 30, 2014

12. IMPAIRMENT OF NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS

Long-lived assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts exceed their recoverable amounts. The recoverable amount is determined based on the greater of value in use (VIU) and fair value less costs to sell. The determination of the value in use requires the estimation of future cash flows and the choice of a discount rate in order to calculate the present value of the cash flows. Actual outcomes may vary.

In assessing whether the carrying value of an asset or CGU is impaired, its carrying value is compared with its recoverable amount. Given the nature of the Company's activities, information on the fair value of an asset is usually difficult to obtain unless negotiations with potential purchasers or similar transactions are taking place. Consequently, unless indicated otherwise, the recoverable amount used in assessing the impairment charges described below is VIU. Management has determined that there are two cash generating units at February 28, 2014: 1. The QR Mill and Bonanza Ledge; and 2. The Goldstream Mill (2013: three cash generating units - 1. The QR Mill and Bonanza Ledge; 2. QR Mine; 3. The Goldstream Mill). During the period ended November 30 2014, the QR Mine CGU was fully depleted.

a) The QR Mill and Bonanza Ledge

The Bonanza Ledge development is planned for production to commence in the fiscal year ending February 28, 2015. In accordance with IAS 36, Impairment of Assets, management estimated the recoverable amount of the CGU to be \$21,211,323 which exceeds the carrying amount by \$3,161,023. As the recoverable amount exceeds the carrying amount as at February 28, 2014, no impairment charge has been recognized. During the period ended November 30, 2014, no impairment charge has been recognized.

Significant assumptions applied in the discounted cash flow model used to determine the recoverable amount of the QR Mill and Bonanza Ledge CGU are as follows: future average gold price of \$1,300 per oz, (2013: \$1,520 per oz), average ore grade of 0.268 oz per ton (2013: 0.267 oz per ton), gold milling recovery rate of 90% (2013: 90%), reserve estimates of 77,858 ounces (2013:93,086 ounces) and a CND - USD exchange rate of \$0.90:\$1.00 (2013: \$0.98:\$1.00). The future cash flows are adjusted for risks specific to the asset and discounted using a pre-tax discount rate of 10% (February 28, 2013: 9% - 10%). During the period ended November 30, 2014, significant assumptions applied in the discounted cash flow model have not changed.

The recoverable amount as determined by the VIU would decrease to the carrying amount if the assumptions used above were decreased by the following amounts:

	Average Gold Price	Gold Milling Recovery Rate	Foreign Exchange Rate
Increase/(Decrease)	(5.8%)	(6.3%)	(6.6%)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

November 30, 2014

February 28, 2014

(UNAUDITED)

For the nine months ended November 30, 2014

12. IMPAIRMENT OF NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

b) QR Mine

On February 28, 2013 the Company identified indicators of impairment with respect to its QR Mine CGU, due to the current interruption of mining operations, recurring losses from operations and ongoing reliance on external funding to sustain operations. In accordance with IAS 36, Impairment of Assets, management determined the that the recoverable amount was \$Nil, resulting in an impairment charge of \$1,531,862 during the year ended February 28, 2013.

The Company determined that there were no indications that would require the QR Mine impairment to be reversed during the period ended November 30, 2014.

c) Goldstream Mill

On February 28, 2013 the Company determined that impairment indicators existed for the Goldstream Mill following a decline in scrap steel prices. Management obtained an independent valuation estimates that the fair value less costs to sell for the Goldstream Mill as at February 28, 2013 was \$3,110,000. The fair value less costs to sell was determined using an orderly liquidation value approach, with consideration of mining equipment value trends, commodity price and construction cost changes, and steel scrap price trends. As the fair value less costs to sell was less than the carrying amount of \$3,334,000 an impairment loss of \$224,000 was recognized in profit and loss for the year (note 9).

The Company determined that no further impairment or indications for impairment reversal existed for the Goldstream Mill during the period ended November 30, 2014.

13. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

The trade and other payables of the company consist of the following:

	,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Trade payables	9,931,445	\$ 9,414,494
Payroll related liabilities	53,149	54,221
Other payables	1,251,420	485,641
Total trade and other payables	\$ 11,236,014	\$ 9,954,356

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

For the nine months ended November 30, 2014

14. Provisions For Site Reclamation and Closure

Provincial laws and regulations concerning environmental protection affect the Company's exploration and operations. Under current regulations, the Company is required to meet performance standards to minimize environmental impact from its activities and to perform site restoration and other closure activities. The Company's provision for future site closure and reclamation costs is based on known requirements. It is not currently possible to estimate the impact on operating results, if any, of future legislative or regulatory developments.

The Company's determination of the environmental rehabilitation provision arising from its activities at the Cariboo Gold Project, Quesnel River Mine, Bethlehem Resources and Bonanza Ledge Mine at November 30, 2014 was \$5,757,906 (2014: \$5,711,731). This estimate was based upon a November 30, 2014 undiscounted future cost of \$6,104,876 (2014: \$6,158,198), an annual inflation rate of 1.98% and risk adjusted discount rate of 10%. The closure and reclamation expenditure is expected to be incurred in various stages up to 2021.

During the year ended February 28, 2014, certain work related to Cariboo Gold Project was completed and therefore the remaining provision of \$114,196 was reversed. During the period ended November 30, 2014, the Company further incurred reclamation expense of \$1,412,207 related to the raise of the tailings pond. This amount was included in mine operating expenses on the statement of comprehensive loss.

There is substantial uncertainty related to the cost of implementation of the mitigation plan related to uncertainty about applicable water quality, the engineering scope and cost of mitigation required to meet the standards and responsibilities for the financial liability. As such, outcomes that are unfavorable could result in material additional liability.

Balance, February 28, 2013	\$ 4,931,499
Addition	821,850
Reversal	(114,196)
Accretion	72,578
Balance, February 28, 2014	\$ 5,711,731
Accretion	99,505
Amount used	(53,330)
Balance, November 30, 2014	\$ 5,757,906
Current portion	\$ 3,728,801
Long term portion	\$ 2,029,105

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

For the nine months ended November 30, 2014

15. GOLD LOAN FACILITY

a) Short-term loan facility

On August 12, 2013, the Company entered into a short term loan with Sprott Resource Lending Corp. ("Sprott"). The principal amount of the loan was \$1,500,000 and bore interest at a rate of 12% per annum. As part of the loan, a bonus payment of \$200,000 was paid in cash. The short-term loan was repaid on October 8, 2013.

b) Gold loan facility

By agreement dated October 8, 2013 and amended January 31, 2013, the Company entered into a \$15,000,000 gold loan facility (the "Facility") with 2176423 Ontario Limited (the "Lender"). The amendment was not considered to be substantially different from the original facility, and all changes have been reflected in the amortized cost.

The Facility is guaranteed by the Company, and all subsidiaries, and secured by first ranking security over all of the Company's present and future assets and a pledge of the shares of the Company's subsidiaries (the "Security"). The Gold Loan Facility is subject to a covenant to maintain working capital of not less than \$1,500,000 at all times commencing August 1, 2014.

The Facility is due and payable by way of three cash payments on each of July 31, 2014, May 31, 2015 and March 31, 2016 (each a "Repayment Date"). Each cash payment will be based on the notional value of 4,181.67 ounces of gold (being 12,545 ounces over the term of the Facility) as priced at the Bloomberg composite closing value of gold at 4 p.m. on the day prior to each repayment. If the gold price is less than US\$1,200 per ounce, then the Company's repayment amount shall be determined using a reference price of US\$1,200 per ounce. If the gold price is above US\$1,650 per ounce, then the Company's repayment amount shall be determined using a reference price of US\$1,650 per ounce. There is no requirement or option to deliver physical gold as a form of repayment under the terms of the Facility. The Company has agreed to provide the Lender with a minimum rate of return equal to 10% per annum, which shall be calculated on the date which the Facility is fully repaid.

The Company may not voluntarily prepay the Facility at any time prior to maturity without the Lender's prior written consent. However, the Company may at any time prepay all or any part of the Facility using a reference price of US\$1,650 per ounce of gold.

In consideration for the advance of the Facility, the Company made a bonus payment to the Lender in the amount of 9,000,000 non-transferable share purchase warrants of the Company (each a "Bonus Warrant"). The Bonus Warrants are exercisable for a period of 30 months, and have an exercise price of \$0.89 per warrant ("Exercise Price"). In the event that the volume weighted average trading price of the Company's common shares on the TSX-V is at a 50% premium to the Exercise price, the Company may require the Lender to exercise \$5,000,000 worth of the Bonus Warrants within 10 calendar days of the Company providing written notice to the Lender. The Company has calculated the Warrant Exercise Trigger price to be \$1.33 per common share.

The Company also paid the Lender a \$150,000 structuring fee together with legal and other out-of-pocket expenses of \$173,602 incurred in connection with the Facility. A third party finder's fee of \$300,000 was paid, and 360,000 non-transferable finder's warrants (each a "Finder's Warrant") were issued by the Company. The Company may require the holder of the Finder's Warrants to exercise 50% of the Finder's Warrants within 10 days of the Company providing notice.

The Company considers the Facility a financial instrument comprised of a host loan with embedded derivatives. On inception, the fair value of the embedded derivative was determined to be \$4,612,257 with the residual of the proceeds received less transaction costs allocated as the fair value of the host loan. On October 24, 2013 the exercise price was set and the warrants met the definition of equity. As a result, \$4,175,700 allocated to the warrant liability was reclassified to equity. The host loan is subsequently measured at amortized cost with an effective interest rate of 40% per annum. The embedded derivatives are measured at fair value with any fair value changes recognized through profit or loss. For the period ended November 30, 2014, the Company has recorded an interest charge of \$3,413,270 (November 30, 2013: \$Nil) related to the host loan, an interest charge of \$612,156 related to the first missed payment on July 31, 2014 and gain of \$868,115 (November 30, 2013: loss of \$1,090,321) for the change in fair value of the embedded derivatives. By agreement, the interest on delayed payment is calculated by multiplying the dollar amount of the gold equivalent deliverable at the time by 2.5%.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

For the nine months ended November 30, 2014

15. GOLD LOAN FACILITY (CONTINUED)

During the period ended November 30, 2014, the Company negotiated an extension and waiver in connection with its existing Gold Loan Facility agreement with its lender. The Lender has agreed to waive any events of default under the agreement until January 31, 2015. During that time period, the parties will be reviewing potential loan amendments. The agreement remains in full force and effect.

As at November 30, the Facility is presented as follows:

Accreted principal,		Principal		Embedded	Transaction	Total	
net of transaction costs				Derivatives	Costs		
At inception	\$	15,000,000	\$	(4,612,257)	\$ (623,602) \$	9,764,141	
Interest expense		1,536,670		110,165	14,895	1,661,730	
February 28, 2014	\$	16,536,670	\$	(4,502,092)	\$ (608,707) \$	11,425,871	
Interest expense		3,768,546		226,285	30,595	4,025,426	
November 30, 2014	\$	20,305,216	\$	(4,275,807)	\$ (578,112) \$	15,451,297	

Derivative liabilities (assets)	Warrants	Forward	Repayment	Total
	To be Issued	Contracts	Collar	
At inception	\$ 4,175,700	\$ -	\$ 436,557	\$ 4,612,257
Reclassification to equity	(4,175,700)	-	-	(4,175,700)
Unrealized (gain)/loss	-	1,172,247	(81,926)	1,090,321
February 28, 2014	\$ -	\$ 1,172,247	\$ 354,631	\$ 1,526,878
Unrealized (gain)/loss	-	(1,253,511)	385,396	(868,115)
November 30, 2014	\$ -	\$ (81,264)	\$ 740,027	\$ 658,763

	Nove	mber 30, 2014	Feb	ruary 28, 2014
Accreted principal, net of unamortized transaction costs	\$	15,451,297	\$	11,425,871
Embedded derivative liabilities (assets)		658,763		1,526,878
Gold loan liability		16,110,060		12,952,749
Current portion of gold loan		12,064,245		6,107,403
Long term portion of gold loan	\$	4,045,815	\$	6,845,346

As at November 30, 2014 the minimum contractual cash flows for the facility are \$18,750,000 (note 18 (c))

16. SHARE CAPITAL

a) Common Shares

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of common shares without par value. As at November 30, 2014, 126,634,706 common shares were outstanding.

The holders of common shares are entitled to receive dividends which are declared from time to time, and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company. All shares are ranked equally with regards to the Company's residual assets.

During the period ended November 30, 2014:

- 1. The Company issued 13,783,000 shares at a price of \$0.50 per share for proceeds of \$6,891,500 under a private placement. The Company paid finder's fees of \$267,500 in relation to this private placement.
- 2. The Company completed a shares for debt settlement, where the Company issued 3,000,000 common shares of the Company for settlement of trade and other payables totalling \$1,500,000.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

For the nine months ended November 30, 2014

16. SHARE CAPITAL (CONTINUED)

a) Common Shares

During the year ended February 28, 2014:

- The Company issued 49,000 common shares for proceeds of \$49,833, of which \$41,650 was received during the year ended February 28, 2013.
- The Company issued 401,057 common shares for proceeds of \$188,025 relating to warrants that were exercised.

b) Option Plan Details

The Company has an incentive Stock Option Plan ("the Plan") under which non-transferable options to purchase common shares of the Company may be granted to directors, officers, employees or service providers of the Company. The terms of the Plan provide that the Directors have the right to grant options to acquire common shares of the Company at not less than the closing market price of the shares on the day preceding the grant at terms of up to five years. No amounts are paid or payable by the recipient on receipt of the option, and the options granted are not dependent on any performance-based criteria. In accordance with the Plan, the vesting of options is at the complete discretion of the Board other than in respect of any particular options granted to a service provider who is performing Investor Relations Activities, which will vest in stages over twelve months with no more than one quarter (1/4) of such option vesting in any three month period.

The following is a summary of changes in options from February 28, 2013 to November 30, 2014:

	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price per share
Balance, February 28, 2013	10,156,857	\$1.02
Granted	1,880,814	\$0.87
Exercised	(375,000)	\$0.47
Forfeited/Expired	(677,500)	\$0.88
Balance, February 28, 2014	10,985,171	\$1.01
Forfeited/Expired	(2,419,304)	\$0.74
Balance, November 30, 2014	8,565,867	\$1.08

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the nine months ended November 30, 2014

16. SHARE CAPITAL (CONTINUED)

b) Option Plan Details (continued)

A summary of the Company's options outstanding and exercisable at November 30, 2014 is presented as follows:

										Weighted	
										Average	
		E	ercise	Opening			Forfeited/		Vested and	Remaining	j
Grant Date	Expiry Date		Price	Balance	Granted	Exercised	Expired	Closing Balance	Exercisable	Life (Years)
4/16/2009	4/16/2014	\$	0.45	1,003,661	-	-	(1,003,661)	-	-	-	
7/17/2009	7/17/2014	\$	0.38	66,266	-	-	(66, 266)	-	-	-	
8/28/2009	8/28/2014	\$	0.60	456,306	-	-	(456, 306)	-	-	-	
9/18/2009	9/18/2014	\$	0.62	78,287	-	-	(78, 287)	-	-	-	
10/29/2009	10/29/2014	\$	1.25	576,490	-	-	(576,490)	-	-	-	
2/2/2010	2/2/2015	\$	1.00	1,869,208	-	-	-	1,869,208	1,869,208	0.18	(1)
9/27/2010	9/27/2015	\$	1.16	235,947	-	-	-	235,947	235,947	0.82	
11/26/2010	11/26/2015	\$	1.42	548,261	-	-	-	548,261	548,261	0.99	
4/1/2011	4/1/2016	\$	1.22	283,956	-	-	(20,000)	263,956	263,956	1.34	(2)
6/20/2011	6/20/2016	\$	1.66	480,790	-	-	(25,000)	455,790	455,790	1.56	(2)
7/22/2011	7/22/2016	\$	1.66	568,705	-	-	(15,000)	553,705	553,705	1.64	(2)
8/12/2011	8/12/2016	\$	1.52	317,500	-	-	-	317,500	317,500	1.70	
2/1/2012	2/1/2017	\$	0.89	2,329,000	-	-	(35,000)	2,294,000	2,294,000	2.18	(2)
6/29/2012	6/29/2017	\$	1.21	289,980	-	-	(49,980)	240,000	240,000	2.58	(2)
10/23/2013	10/23/2018	\$	0.87	1,880,814	-	-	(93,314)	1,787,500	1,787,500	3.90	(2)
				10,985,171	-	-	(2,419,304)	8,565,867	8,565,867	1.89	

⁽¹⁾ Subsequently expired unexercised

⁽²⁾ Subsequently forfeited

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the nine months ended November 30, 2014

16. SHARE CAPITAL (CONTINUED)

b) Option Plan Details (continued)

A summary of the Company's options outstanding and exercisable at February 28, 2014 is presented as follows:

										Weighted
										Average
									Vested and	Remaining
		Ex	ercis	Opening			Forfeited/		Exercisabl	Life
Grant Date E	xpiry Date	е	Price	Balance	Granted	Exercised	Expired	Closing Balance	е	(Years)
4/16/2009	4/16/2014	\$	0.45	1,128,661	-	(125,000)	-	1,003,661	1,003,661	0.13
7/17/2009	7/17/2014	\$	0.38	66,266	-	-	-	66,266	66,266	0.38
8/28/2009	8/28/2014	\$	0.60	456,306	-	-	-	456,306	456,306	0.50
9/18/2009	9/18/2014	\$	0.62	78,287	-	-	-	78,287	78,287	0.55
10/29/2009	10/29/2014	\$	1.25	576,490	-	-	-	576,490	576,490	0.67
2/2/2010	2/2/2015	\$	1.00	1,869,208	-	-	-	1,869,208	1,869,208	0.93
9/27/2010	9/27/2015	\$	1.16	285,947	-	-	(50,000)	235,947	235,947	1.58
11/26/2010	11/26/2015	\$	1.42	568,261	-	-	(20,000)	548,261	548,261	1.74
4/1/2011	4/1/2016	\$	1.22	313,956	-	-	(30,000)	283,956	283,956	2.09
6/20/2011	6/20/2016	\$	1.66	535,790	-	-	(67,500)	480,790	480,790	2.31
7/22/2011	7/22/2016	\$	1.66	606,205	-	-	(30,000)	568,705	568,705	2.40
8/12/2011	8/12/2016	\$	1.52	317,500	-	-	-	317,500	317,500	2.45
2/1/2012	2/1/2017	\$	0.89	2,724,000	-	-	(400,000)	2,329,000	2,329,000	2.93
6/19/2012	6/19/2017	\$	0.50	250,000	-	(250,000)	-	-	-	3.31
6/29/2012	6/29/2017	\$	1.21	379,980	-	-	(80,000)	289,980	289,980	3.33
10/23/2013	10/23/2018	\$	0.87	-	1,880,814	-	-	1,880,814	1,880,814	4.65
			-							
			_	10,156,857	1,880,814	(375,000)	(677,500)	10,985,171	10,985,171	2.21

During the year ended February 28, 2014, the Company granted stock options under its Stock Option Plan to directors, officers employees and service providers exercisable for up to 1,880,814 shares of the Company, with an estimated fair value of \$1,351,300 on the grant date. The options are exercisable on or before October 23, 2018, at a price of \$0.87 per share. A total of \$71,800 of stock based compensation has been recorded in mine operating expense for the year.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the nine months ended November 30, 2014

16. SHARE CAPITAL (CONTINUED)

c) Fair Value of Options Issued during the period

The fair value of options issued during the year ended February 28, 2014 were determined using a Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions:

	November 30, 2014	February 28, 2014
Volatility	-	119.07%
Dividend Yield	-	0%
Risk Free Rate	-	2.0%
Expected Life (Year)	-	5

d) Share Purchase Warrants

The following is a summary of changes in warrants from February 29, 2013 to November 30, 2014:

	Number of Warrants	Weighted average exercise price per warrant			
Balance, February 28, 2013	16,426,950	\$	1.07		
Issue of warrants (Note 15)	9,360,000		0.89		
Exercised warrants	(49,000)		0.85		
Expired	(16,377,950)		1.07		
Balance, November 30 and February 28, 2014	9,360,000	\$	0.89		

No warrants were granted during the period ended November 30, 2014. The fair value of warrants granted during the year ended February 28, 2014, were determined using a Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions:

	November 30, 2014	February 28, 2014
Volatility	-	85.30%
Dividend Yield	-	0%
Risk Free Rate	-	1.59%
Expected Life (Year)	-	2.5

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

For the nine months ended November 30, 2014

16. SHARE CAPITAL (CONTINUED)

d) Share Purchase Warrants (continued)

As at November 30 and February 28, 2014, the Company had outstanding share purchase warrants as follows:

Expiry Date	Exercise Price	Outstanding and exercisable
April 24, 2016	\$0.89	9,360,000
Balance, November 30 and February 28, 2014		9,360,000

17. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The following is a summary of the Company's related party transactions during the period:

a) Exploration costs

Costs of \$619,585 (2013: \$175,850), incurred in connection with the Company's exploration costs, were paid to Standard Drilling & Engineering Ltd., a Company controlled by a director.

b) Deferred development costs

Costs of \$22,885 (2013: \$601,389), incurred in connection with the Company's deferred development costs, were paid to Standard Drilling & Engineering Ltd., a Company controlled by a director.

c) Reclamation costs

Costs of \$24,751 (2013: \$Nil), incurred in connection with the Company's reclamation work at the QR Mine and Mill, were paid to Standard Drilling & Engineering Ltd., a Company controlled by a director.

d) Administration fees

Administration fees of \$72,000 (2013: \$61,970), incurred in connection with the Company's above-noted exploration, deferred development and reclamation costs, were paid to Standard Drilling & Engineering Ltd., a Company controlled by a director.

e) Rent/Prepaid

Costs of \$79,835 (2013: 82,376), incurred in connection with the Company's office lease were paid Pub Co Management Ltd., to a Company controlled by a director (Note 27). Prepayment of \$103,076 was made on behalf of Pub Co Management Ltd.

f) Inventory

Costs of \$148,050 (2013: \$136,684), incurred in connection with the Company's QR Mine and BL Mine were paid to Standard Drilling & Engineering Ltd., a company controlled by a director of the Company.

g) Cost of Goods Sold

Costs of \$436,687 (2013: \$Nil), incurred in connection with the Company's QR Mine and BL Mine productions were paid to Standard Drilling & Engineering Ltd., a company controlled by a director of the Company.

h) Key Management Compensation

Key management personnel compensation comprised:

	 nths ended er 30, 2014	Nine months ende November 30, 201				
Short term employee benefits, director fees and severance	\$ 899,644	\$	1,631,223			
	\$ 899,644	\$	1,631,233			

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

For the nine months ended November 30, 2014

17. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

i) Balance payable:

The amounts payable to related parties, are summarized as follows:

Novemb	er 30, 2014	February 28, 201		
\$	1,042,086	\$	20,321	
	434,500		-	
	(80,302)			
	1,136,146		20,321	
	-		627,933	
\$	1,396,284	\$	648,254	
	Novemb \$ \$	434,500 (80,302) 1,136,146	\$ 1,042,086 \$ 434,500 (80,302) 1,136,146	

At November 30, 2014, the balance payable to companies with certain common directors includes ongoing exploration, reclamation and deferred development costs incurred by the Company. The balance is payable on demand, unsecured and on normal commercial terms.

Other amounts due to directors at November 30, 2014 include severance accrual of \$400,000 to the former CEO and administration fees payable of \$34,500 to the directors for attending meetings. The balance was payable on demand, interest free, and unsecured. Prepayment of \$80,302 was made to the former CEO for operations.

The loan from director arises as a result of the PRO the Company received on December 5, 2012. The Company received approval for the PRO to allow the Company's former CEO to loan the Company up to \$2.44 million to be used toward payment of outstanding accounts payable and for costs associated with the NI43-101 Technical Report (the "Loan"). As at February 28, 2014, the Company owes \$627,933 to the Company's CEO by means of the PRO (February 28, 2013 - \$749,482). The amounts bear interest at 20% per annum with all such interest to be payable in full to the lender on repayment of the principal, which shall be on the date which is six months from the date of any such loan. The interest rate shall be reduced to 10% after one year should any Loan remain outstanding for a period of one year from the date of advancement. During the period ended November 30, 2014, the loan balance was reassigned to Standard Drilling & Engineering Ltd., a company controlled by the Company's former CEO. All the terms on Loan remained unchanged.

During the period ended November 30, 2014, a total of \$85,159 in interest has been recorded (2013 - \$190,494), 30,225 of which is outstanding as at November 30, 2014. The loan is collateralized by all of the Company's presently owned and after acquired or held personal property, assets and undertakings. All terms on the Loan were determined to reflect terms that would be appropriate for a similar loan with a non-related party for an entity under similar circumstances.

A director paid corporate administration and exploration expenditures on behalf of the Company and was reimbursed a total of \$1,632,995 (2013: \$80,220).

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

For the nine months ended November 30, 2014

18. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The company is exposed through its operations to the following financial risks:

- Market Risk
- Credit Risk
- Liquidity Risk

In common with all other businesses, the Company is exposed to risks that arise from its use of financial instruments. This note describes the Company's objectives, policies and processes for managing those risks and the methods used to measure them. Further quantitative information in respect of these risks is presented throughout these consolidated financial statements.

There have been no substantive changes in the Company's exposure to financial instrument risks, its objectives, policies and processes for managing those risks or the methods used to measure them from previous periods unless otherwise stated in this note.

Principal financial instruments

The principal financial instruments used by the Company, from which financial instrument risk arises, are as follows:

	Financial Assets through Pro		ue Loans and Receivable		Available Investr	
	November 30, 2014	February 28, 2014	November 30, 2014	February 28, 2014	November 30, 2014	February 28, 2014
Cash	\$ 851,899	\$ 352,275	=	-	-	-
Amounts receivable	-	-	\$2,441,514	\$ 169,683	-	-
Available for sale investments	-	-	-	-	\$ 3,450	\$ 3,450
Reclamation deposits	-	-	\$3,395,800	\$2,730,800	-	-
Total Financial Assets	\$ 851,899	\$ 352,275	\$ 5,837,314	\$ 2,900,483	\$ 3,450	\$ 3,450

	Nove	mber 30, 2014	Feb	ruary 28, 2014
Financial liabilities at amortized cost:				
Trade and other payables	\$	11,236,014	\$	9,954,356
Due to related parties		1,396,284		648,254
Gold loan facility (Note 15)		15,451,297		11,425,871
Financial liabilities at fair value:				
Derivative liability (Note 15)		658,763		1,526,878
Total Financial Liabilities	\$	28,742,358	\$	23,555,359

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

For the nine months ended November 30, 2014

18. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

General Objectives, Policies and Processes:

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the determination of the Company's risk management objectives and policies and, whilst retaining ultimate responsibility for them, it has delegated the authority for designing and operating processes that ensure the effective implementation of the objectives and policies to the Company's management.

The overall objective of the Board is to set policies that seek to reduce risk as far as possible without unduly affecting the Company's competitiveness and flexibility. Further details regarding these policies are set out below.

a) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market prices are comprised of four types of risk: foreign currency risk, interest rate risk, commodity price risk and equity price risk.

Foreign Currency Risk:

Foreign currency risk is the risk that a variation in exchange rates between the Canadian dollar and US dollar or other foreign currencies will affect the Company's operations and financial results. The Company is exposed to foreign exchange rate fluctuation due to the payment terms of its gold facility loan. A 5% increase/decrease to the Canadian Dollar to United States Dollar foreign exchange rate would have a \$1,018,000 increase/decrease to the Company's net loss for the period ended November 30, 2014 (2013: no exposure).

Interest Rate Risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that future cash flows will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates. The Company does not have any borrowings at variable rates. Interest rate risk is limited to potential decreases on the interest rate offers on cash and cash equivalents held with chartered Canadian financial institutions. The Company considers this risk to be immaterial.

Commodity Price Risk:

The Company is subject to commodity price risk for all the principal metals that are recovered from the concentrates that it produces. These include gold and silver. These metal prices are subject to numerous factors beyond the control of the Company including central bank sales, producer hedging activities, interest rates, exchange rates, inflation and deflation, global and regional supply and demand, and political and economic conditions in major producing countries throughout the world. The Company has elected not to actively manage its exposure to metal prices at this time.

Equity Price Risk:

Equity risk is the uncertainty associated with the valuation of assets arising from changes in equity markets. The Company is exposed to this risk through its equity holdings. The available-for-sale investment in the common shares of Lions Gate Energy Inc. is monitored by Management with decisions on sale taken at Board level. A 10% decrease in the fair value of Lions Gate Energy would have a nominal impact on equity.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

For the nine months ended November 30, 2014

18. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

b) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. Financial instruments which are potentially subject to credit risk for the Company consist primarily of cash, reclamation deposits and amounts receivable. Cash is maintained with financial institutions of reputable credit and may be redeemed upon demand. The reclamation bonds are maintained with financial institutions by the Province and can be released upon the Company fulfilling its reclamation obligations.

The Company's maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying value of its cash of \$851,899 (2013: \$352,275), reclamation deposits of \$3,395,800 (2014: \$2,730,800), and amounts receivable of \$2,441,514 (2014: \$169,683).

c) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Company's policy is to ensure that it will always have sufficient cash to allow it to meet its liabilities when they become due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation. The key to success in managing liquidity is the degree of certainty in the cash flow projections. If future cash flows are fairly uncertain, the liquidity risk increases.

The Company monitors its risk of shortage of funds by monitoring the maturity dates of existing trade and other accounts payable. As at November 30, 2014, the Company had a working capital deficit of \$24,369,717.

The following table sets out the contractual maturities (representing undiscounted contractual cash flows) of financial liabilities as at November 30 and February 28, 2014:

	Book Value at November 30, 2014	Within 1 Year	2 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Trade and other payables	11,236,014	11,236,014	-		- 11,236,014
Due to related parties	1,396,284	1,396,284	-		- 1,396,284
Gold loan facility	16,110,060	12,500,000	6,250,000		- 18,750,000
Total	28,742,358	25,132,298	6,250,000		- 31,382,298

	Book Value at February 28, 2014	Within 1 Year	2 to 5 years	Over 5 years		Total
Trade and other payables	9,954,356	9,954,356	-		-	9,954,356
Due to related parties	648,254	648,254	-		-	648,254
Gold loan facility	12,952,749	6,250,000	12,500,000		-	18,750,000
Total	23,555,359	16,852,610	12,500,000		-	29,352,610

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

For the nine months ended November 30, 2014

18. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Determination of Fair Value

Fair values have been determined for measurement and/or disclosure purposes based on the following methods. When applicable, further information about the assumptions made in determining fair values is disclosed in the notes specific to that asset or liability.

The Statement of Financial Position carrying amounts for amounts receivable, trade and other payables, due to related parties, and loan from director approximate their fair value due to their short-term nature.

Fair Value Hierarchy:

Financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value are grouped in Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable:

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities; and
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

	Fair Value Measurements, using:									
	Leve	el 1	Leve	el 2	Level	. 3				
	November 30, 2014	February 28, 2014	November 30, 2014	February 28, 2014	November 30, 2014	February 28, 2014				
Financial Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 851,899	\$ 352,275	-	-	-	-				
Reclamation deposits	3,395,800	2,730,800	-	-	-	-				
Available for sale investments	3,450	3,450	-	-	-	-				
Financial Liabilities										
Derivative liabilities	-	-	(658,763)	(1,526,878)	-	-				
	\$ 4,251,149	\$3,086,525	\$ (658,763)	\$(1,526,878)	\$ -	\$ -				

Available for sale investments

The available-for-sale investment is based on quoted prices and is therefore considered to be Level 1.

Current and non-current derivative liabilities

The derivative liabilities is the repayment in excess of the \$15,000,000 gold loan facility with 10% interest per annum when the gold price is greater than \$1,650 per ounce on the repayment date (note 15). The fair value of the Company's derivative liabilities is calculated using forward gold prices and gold option prices traded on the Chicago Mercantile Exchange and is considered to be a Level 2 fair value measurement.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the nine months ended November 30, 2014

19. MINE OPERATING EXPENSE

Mine Operating Expense for the Company consists of the following components by nature:

	Three month	s en	Three months ended November 30,			ende	d November 30,
	2014		2013		2014		2013
Consulting fees ¹	\$ 90,146	\$	45,931	\$	255,884	\$	116,963
Depreciation ² (Note 9)	271,848		296,035		160,856		926,735
Employee salaries and benefits	131,748		299,757		793,192		782,406
Environmental ³	112,772		-		289,267		-
Office and administration	114,152		102,976		374,873		375,569
Repairs and maintenance	49		90,958		201,799		275,615
Reclamation ⁴	60,032		1,772,389		1,412,207		2,367,320
Travel	6,405		-		65,206		-
Utilities	60,000		30,853		180,000		195,959
Total mine operating expense	\$ 847,153	\$	2,638,899	\$	3,733,284	\$	5,040,567

- Consulting fees increased due to more consulting work required.
- Depreciation expense reduced as depreciation expenses related to mining equipment were included in Cost of Goods Sold as production commenced during the period.
- Environmental fees increased as more environmental work required after production commenced.
- Reclamation decreased due to less work required on raising tailings dam.

20. EXPLORATION

Exploration for the Company consists of the following components by nature:

	Three month:	s er	nded November 30,	Nine months o	ende	d November 30,
	2014		2013	2014		2013
Administration fees	\$ 40,782	\$	71,034	\$ 144,299	\$	187,635
Assaying ¹	73,297		50,550	708,596		168,524
Assessment and tax	200		(42)	38,120		66,859
Consulting fees	142,794		360,059	240,988		725,359
Depreciation (Note 9)	21,842		18,865	62,830		56,593
Environmental and permitting	(37,820)		15,317	-33,125		251,075
Equipment and rentals	59,194		94,340	202,731		184,850
Drilling ²	-		85,426	448,007		167,074
Travel	1,314		23,561	25,317		57,125
Employee salaries and benefits	247,212		229,709	561,199		489,957
Repairs and maintenance ³	121,687		32,968	411,656		164,228
Recovery of exploration expenditures	-		(641,947)	-		(641,947)
Reclamation	17,026		-	29,167		-
Total exploration	\$ 687,528	\$	339,840	\$ 2,839,785	\$	1,877,332

- Assaying fees increased for the purpose of NI43-101.
- Drilling fees increased due to 10 holes drilled for the purpose of NI43-101. Repair and maintenance increased for the purpose of NI43-101.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the nine months ended November 30, 2014

21. CORPORATE ADMINISTRATION

Corporate administration for the Company consists of the following components by nature:

	Three months ended November 30,			Nine months ended November 30,			d November 30,	
		2014		2013		2014		2013
Consulting fees	\$	41,416	\$	31,634	\$	185,408	\$	125,165
Depreciation (Note 9)		17,460		14,134		51,031		40,290
Employee salaries and benefits		315,965		169,059		1,321,232		656,286
Legal, audit & accounting		73,902		376,089		216,103		640,143
Office and administration		91,770		(80,210)		393,978		82,690
Shareholder communications and		13,012				74,236		453,281
advertising				254,449				
Stock based compensation		-		1,279,500		-		1,279,500
Other corprate administration costs		-		172,331		-		172,331
Travel and related expenses		27,924		88,966		109,897		175,495
Total corporate administration	\$	581,449	\$	2,305,952	\$	2,351,885	\$	3,625,181

Employee salaries and benefits include severance of \$480,000 (2013: \$Nil) to former CEO.

22. FINANCE EXPENSE

The finance expense for the Company is comprised of the following:

		Three months ended November 30,			Nine months e	November 30,	
		2014	2013		2014		2013
Accretion on provision for site	\$	23,789	18,145	\$	99,505	\$	54,434
Bank charges, interest charges and		33,879			75,076		479,481
commissions			823,115				
Finance charge		1,517,544	1,344,500		4,025,426		1,344,500
Finders fees		-	300,000		-		300,000
Fair value of share purchase warrants issu	uec	-	4,175,700				4,175,700
Total finance expense	\$	1,575,212 \$	6,661,460	\$	4,200,007	\$	6,354,115

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(UNAUDITED)

For the nine months ended November 30, 2014

23. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The company monitors its cash, common shares, warrants, stock options, and the gold loan as capital. The Company's objectives when maintaining capital are to maintain a sufficient capital base in order to meet its short-term obligations and at the same time preserve investor's confidence required to sustain future development and production of the business. There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the year.

Under the terms of the Gold Loan Facility, the Company is required to maintain a minimum working capital amount of \$1,500,000 commencing August 1, 2014 (Note 15). During the period ended November 30, 2014, the lender agreed to waive any events of default under the agreement until January 30, 2015.

The Company's capital consists of the following:

	No	ovember 30, 2014	February 28, 2014		
Less cash	\$	851,899	\$	352,275	
		(851,899)		(352,275)	
Short term gold loan facility		11,706,465		6,107,403	
Long term gold loan facility		4,403,595		6,845,346	
Share capital		126,783,790		118,659,790	
Share-based payments reserve		24,814,417		24,814,417	
Accumulated other comprehensive income		(15,870)		(15,870)	
Accumulated Deficit		(140,902,181)		(129,162,213)	
Capital	\$	25,938,318	\$	26,896,598	

24. SEGMENTED REPORTING

An operating segment is defined as a component of the Company that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, whose operating results are reviewed regularly by the Company's chief operating decision maker, and for which discrete financial information is available. The Company has determined that it has one reportable operating segment, the acquisition, exploration, development and production of gold mineral properties, all of which occurs within Canada. The Company's corporate head office earns nominal revenue that are considered incidental to the activities of the Company and therefore does not meet the definition of an operating segment. The Company's revenue is derived through a refining agreement with a single refiner.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

For the nine months ended November 30, 2014

25. LOSS PER SHARE

Basic loss per share is calculated by dividing the net loss for the period by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period.

	November 30, 2014	November 30, 2014
Loss attributed to ordinary shareholders	\$ 7,4,66,959	\$ 16,780,591
Weighted average number of common shares	124,882,047	109,555,170
Basic and diluted loss per share	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.15
Weighted Average Number of Common Shares		
Issued Common Shares at February 28	109,851,706	109,401,649
Effect of shares issued for private placements	12,819,230	-
Effect of shares on exercise of options	-	40,761
Effect of shares issued for debts	2,211,111	-
	124,882,047	109,442,410

As at November 30, 2014, there are 8,804,161 options, 9,360,000 share purchase warrants, and nil broker warrants outstanding. The effect of shares issuable on the exercise of options, share purchase warrants, and broker warrants are anti-dilutive.

26. Non-Cash transactions

Investing and financing activities that do not have a direct impact on current cash flows are excluded from consolidated statements of cash flows. During the period ended November 30, 2014, included in trade and other payable is \$1,919,250 related to mineral properties and deferred development costs. This transaction is excluded from the consolidated statements of cash flows.

27. COMMITMENT

On April 1, 2014, the Company entered into an Administrative Service Agreement with a company owned by one of the Company's directors. The Company will pay \$10,220 per month for its office lease from May 1, 2014 to May 30, 2019. The Company also charges other related companies rent.

28. EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

Subsequent to November 30, 2014:

- a) The Company reported that Thomas J. Obradovich has been appointed the President and Chief Executive Officer. Elena Clarici and Dave McMillan resigned from those positions and continue as directors of the Company. The Company also reported that Greg Gibson joined its Board of Directors as the Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Company.
- b) The Company is negotiating an extension and waiver in connection with its exiting Gold Loan Facility agreement with its Lender.